

Effectiveness of Engineering Controls:

Formaldehyde Exposure in Anatomic Pathology

California Industrial Hygiene Council Annual Conference December 8, 2015







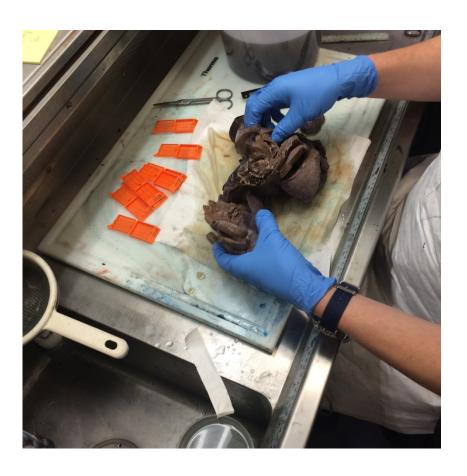
Gen Y Hygienist

Can you spot him/her?



Formaldehyde Data

- **1984 2014**
- $N = 2,163 \rightarrow n = 307$
- 36 Path Labs
- OSHA 52, NIOSH 2541 only
- Short-term (15-minute)
- Large specimen grossing
- 5 Analytical laboratories
- Multiple LODs





Anatomic Pathology Engineering Controls

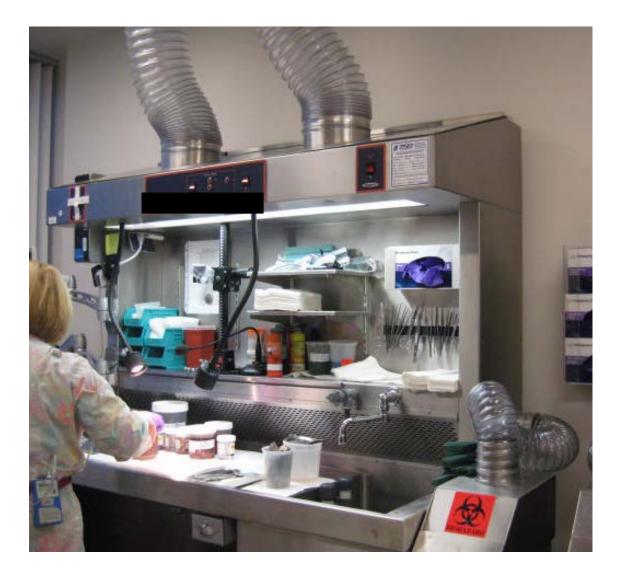
Engineering control type	Sample size	Sample size: percentage of total samples (%)	Maximum Concentration (ppm)	Percent data censored (%)
Slot ventilation	176	57	2.5	27
Ducted backdraft station (D1)	38	12	0.35	79
Ducted backdraft station (D2)	25	8	0.74	44
Canopy receiving hoods	24	8	1.6	13
Recirculating backdraft Station (R1)	14	5	2.2	7.1
In-house designed hoods	12	4	0.22	75
Lab hoods	10	3	0.29	90
Downdraft stations	3	1	<0.14	100
Snorkel	3	1	2.2	67
Recirculating station (R2)	2	1	0.26	50





Slot Exhaust





Ducted Backdraft (D1)





Ducted Backdraft (D2)





Canopy Hood





Recirculating Backdraft (R1)





In-House Design Hood





Fume Hood





Downdraft





Snorkel





Recirculating Backdraft (R2)



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Summary Statistics

	Concentration (ppm)						
Engineering control type	median	mean	sd	gm	gsd	95 th	
Canopy	0.70	0.65	0.44	0.49	2.3	1.9	
R1	0.48	0.60	0.54	0.43	2.4	1.8	
Slot	0.27	0.40	0.44	0.25	2.7	1.2	
D2	0.18	0.14	0.13	0.12	1.8	0.30	
D1	0.14	0.10	0.056	0.090	1.6	0.19	



p-Values for Non-Parametric H_o Testing

Engineering Control Types	Canopy	R1	Slot	D2	D1
Canopy		0.70	5.9E-04	2.9E-06	9.4E-09
R1	0.70		0.043	4.2E-06	7.9E-09
Slot	5.9E-04	0.043		0.010	2.2E-04
D2	2.9E-06	4.2E-06	0.010		0.76
D1	9.4E-09	7.9E-09	2.2E-04	0.76	

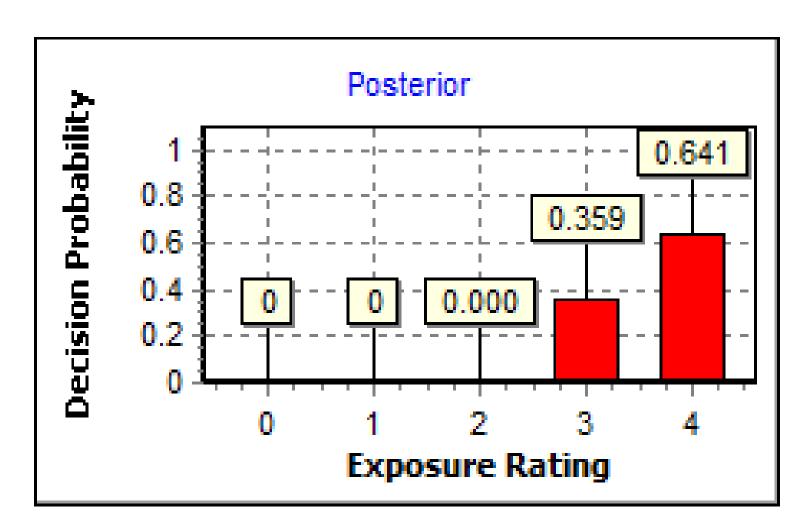


Bayesian Control Bands (% OEL)

	0	1	2	3	4
Not significant	0-10%				
Well Controlled		10-50%			
Controlled			50-75%		
Unsure				75-100%	
Not Controlled					>100%

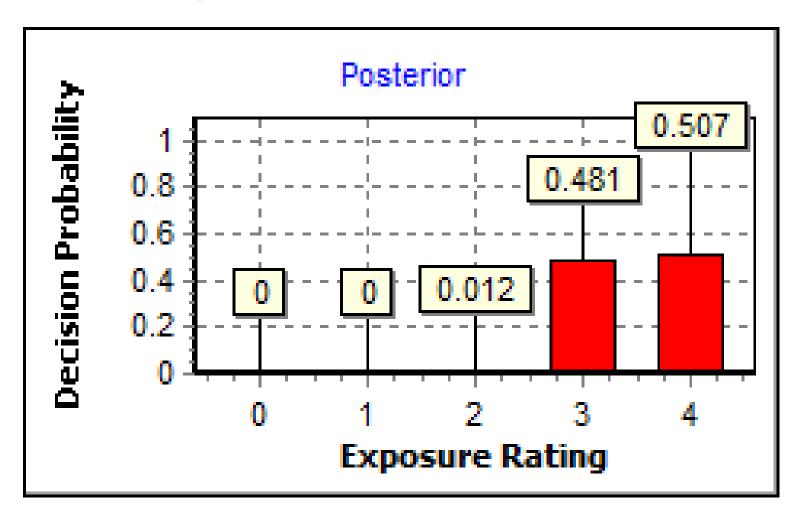


Canopy



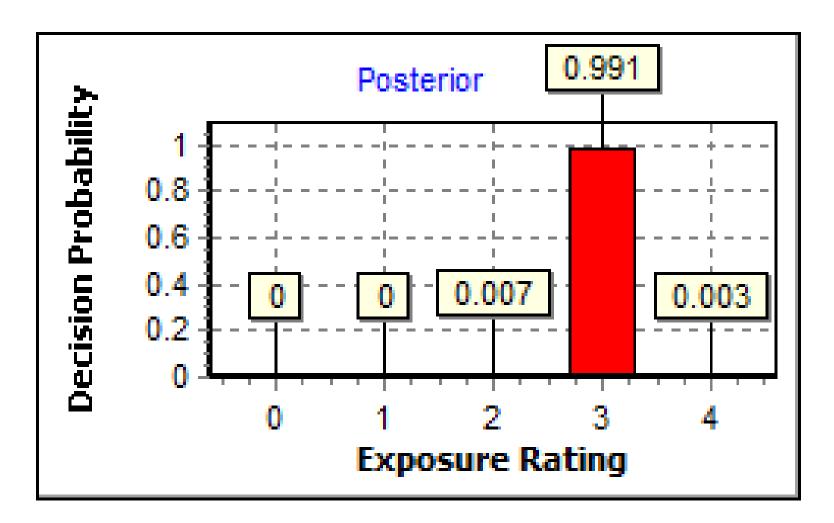


Recirculating Backdraft (R1)



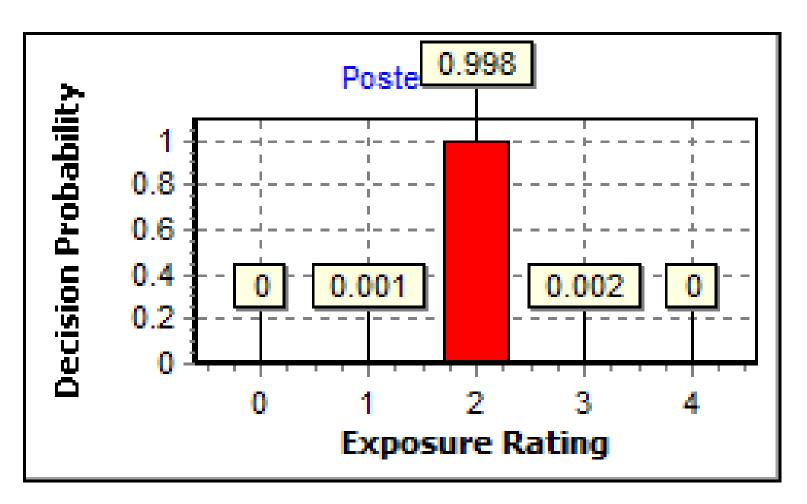


Slot



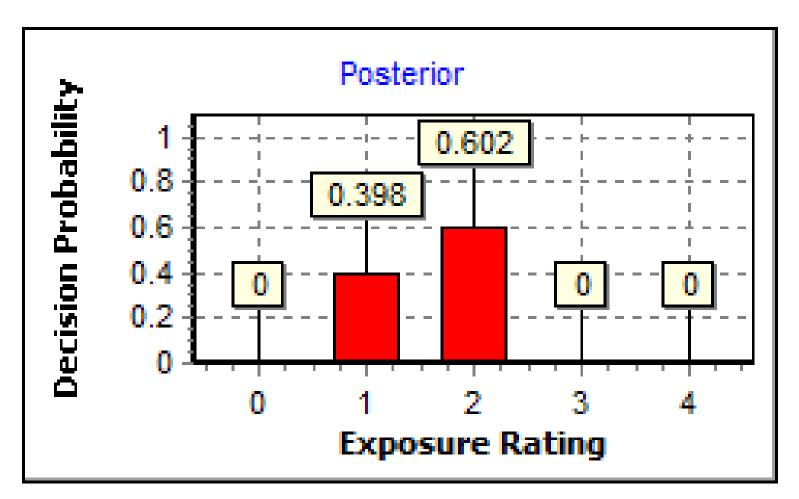


Ducted Backdraft (D2)





Ducted Backdraft (D1)





Discussion

- Left censored and complex censored sampling data is a major challenge for data analysis
- 117 samples less than LOD (38%)
- Censored data analysis using Robust Maximum Likelihood Estimation for multiple LOD to calculate mean, gsd, sd and 95th percentile estimates for each control measure
- Non-parametric testing for significant difference between control measures was done by substituting highest LOD for censored data and performing Wilcoxon rank-sum testing



Limitations

- Remaining five types of engineering controls, which account for only 10% of the total samples, were not examined in this work due to the small sample sizes and inherent variability in designs
- Did not examine the effects of room configuration, general ventilation, tissue types, and other factors that may affect the exposure levels
- Full-shift exposures not considered due to wide variations in workload and specimen type



Conclusions

Data Performance Significance Exposures poorly **Ducted stations** Slot ventilation, canopy, controlled with canopy performed significantly and ducted and recirculating preand recirculating better than slots fabricated backdraft backdraft stations Slots performed stations most prevalent significantly better than Controlled with slot controls at KP canopies and Well-controlled with the All STEL exposures recirculating stations ducted backdraft <2 ppm, regardless of stations Canopies, recirculating control measure station should be 38% left-censored avoided



Recommendations for Future Research

- Standardized test methodologies for commissioning control methods
- Epidemiology studies for assessing correlation between exposure and adverse health outcomes

Thank You





erica.stewart@kp.org

