Status Report Monday, July 17, 2023

<u>AB 2</u> (<u>Ward</u> D) Recycling: solar photovoltaic modules.

Current Text: Amended: 6/28/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 12/5/2022

Last Amend: 6/28/2023

Status: 7/12/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 5. Noes 0.) (July 12). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

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Synopsis: ...8.7 (commencing with Section 42499.6) to Part 3 of Division 30 of, the Public Resources Code, relating to recycling, and making an appropriation therefor. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 2, as amended, Ward. Recycling: solar photovoltaic modules. The Electronic Waste Recycling Act of 2003 (act) requires a retailer selling a covered electronic device in this state to collect from a consumer ...

Summary: The Electronic Waste Recycling Act of 2003 (act) requires a retailer selling a covered electronic device in this state to collect from a consumer at the time of retail sale a covered electronic waste recycling fee or a covered battery-embedded waste recycling fee, as specified. The act defines "covered electronic device" to include certain video display devices and batteryembedded products. The act requires all charges collected pursuant to the act to be deposited into specified subaccounts within the Electronic Waste Recovery and Recycling Account, and outlines certain other requirements related to the establishment, adjustment, and administration of the charge. Moneys in the subaccounts are continuously appropriated for specified purposes, including, but not limited to, paying covered electronic waste recycling fee refunds and making electronic waste recovery and recycling payments. Current law incorporates the requirements and other provisions of the act by reference as requirements and provisions of the hazardous waste control laws. The act also expressly authorizes the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) to enforce the act, and all regulations adopted pursuant to the act, through the hazardous waste control laws. A violation of the hazardous waste control laws is a crime. This bill would, among other things, expand the definition of "covered electronic device" to include a "customer-owned solar PV module," as defined, thereby expanding the scope of the act to include covered solar photovoltaic (PV) module products, for limited purposes, as provided. The bill would also require, on or before October 1, 2026, and on or before October 1 each year thereafter, CalRecycle to establish a covered solar PV recycling fee based on the reasonable regulatory costs to administer covered electronic waste recycling. The bill would require the charge to be imposed upon a consumer or a service provider serving the consumer for the purchase of a new or refurbished covered solar PV module product. The bill would also require the charge to be adjusted annually based on the California Consumer Price Index. The bill would create the Covered Solar PV Module Recycling Fee Subaccount as a continuously appropriated fund in the Electronic Waste Recovery and Recycling Account. Because the funds deposited to the Covered Solar PV Module Recycling Fee Subaccount would be a new source of funds in the continuously appropriated subaccount within the continuously appropriated Electronic Waste Recovery and Recycling Account, the bill would make an appropriation.

Position

Assigned

Watch

Steedman-Lyde

<u>AB 249</u> (<u>Holden</u> D) Water: schoolsites: lead testing: conservation.

Current Text: Amended: 6/22/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 1/18/2023

Last Amend: 6/22/2023

Status: 7/13/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (July 12). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

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Synopsis: ...relating to water, and making an appropriation therefor. water. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 249, as amended, Holden. Water: schoolsites: lead testing: conservation. Existing law, the California Safe Drinking Water Act, requires the State Water Resources Control Board to administer provisions relating to the regulation of drinking water to protect ...

Summary: Would require a community water system that serves a schoolsite, as defined, to test for lead in the potable water system outlets of the schoolsite before January 1, 2027, except for potable water system outlets in buildings that were either constructed after January 1, 2010, or modernized after January 1, 2010, and all faucets and other end point devices used for providing potable water were replaced as part of the modernization. The bill would require the community water system to report its findings to the applicable schoolsite or local educational agency and to the state board. The bill would require the local educational agency or schoolsite, if the lead level exceeds a specified level at a schoolsite, to notify the parents and guardians of the pupils who attend the schoolsite, take immediate steps to make inoperable and shut down from use all potable water system outlets where the excess lead levels may exist, and work to ensure that a lead-free source of drinking water is provided for pupils, as specified. The bill would require a community water system to test a potable water system outlet that replaces an outlet that is found to have excess levels of lead. The bill would require a community water system to prepare a sampling plan for each schoolsite where lead sampling is required under these provisions, as specified. The bill would require the schoolsite, local education agency, and state board to make the results of schoolsite lead sampling publicly available by posting the results on its internet website. The bill would require a schoolsite and a local educational agency, if an internet website is not maintained, to provide the results upon request. By imposing additional duties on local agencies, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Position

Assigned

Watch

Spielman

AB 252 (Holden D) The College Athlete Protection Act.

Current Text: Amended: 6/19/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 1/19/2023

Last Amend: 6/19/2023

Status: 7/5/2023-In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.

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Synopsis: ...training or physical therapy in sports. (iii) One member with expertise in mental health. (iv) One member with expertise in workplace health and safety compliance and investigations. (v) One member with expertise in sexual misconduct investigations. (vi) Two members who are ...

Summary: Would establish the College Athlete Protection (CAP) Act for purposes of providing various rights, benefits, and protections to college athletes. The bill instead would require certain institutions of higher education to establish a degree completion fund for its college athletes, as provided. The bill instead would require an institution of higher education to distribute to each college athlete a notice containing college athlete rights and would require the institution to post this notice in a conspicuous location frequented by college athletes, as specified. The bill instead would prohibit an institution of higher education, and its employees, coaches, and affiliated medical personnel, as defined, from retaliating against a college athlete for filing a complaint or reporting a violation of a college athlete's rights under the CAP Act. By imposing new duties on community college districts, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Position

Assigned

Watch

Berman

(Bauer-Kahan D) Pesticides: neonicotinoids for nonagricultural use: reevaluation: **AB 363** control measures.

Current Text: Amended: 7/6/2023 html pdf Introduced: 2/1/2023 Last Amend: 7/6/2023 Status: 7/6/2023-Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

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Synopsis: ...Member Bauer-Kahan February 01, 2023 An act to amend Section 12838 of the Food and Agricultural Code, relating to pesticides. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 363, as amended, Bauer-Kahan. Pesticides: neonicotinoids for nonagricultural use: reevaluation: control measures. Existing law generally regulates pesticide use by law, added by the Governor'sRegulation director to endeavor to eliminate from use a pesticide that endangers the agricultural or nonagricultural environment. Existing law requires pesticides to be registered by the department, and requires that a pesticide be thoroughly evaluated prior to registration. Existing law provides ...

Summary: Current law, added by the Governor's Reorganization Plan No. 1 of 1991, creates the Department of Pesticide Regulation, which is administered by the Director of Pesticide Regulation. Current law requires the director to endeavor to eliminate from use a pesticide that endangers the agricultural or nonagricultural environment. Current law requires pesticides to be registered by the department, and requires that a pesticide be thoroughly evaluated prior to registration. Current law provides for the continued evaluation of registered pesticides. Current law requires the department, by July 1, 2018, to issue a determination with respect to its reevaluation of neonicotinoids and to adopt any control measures necessary to protect pollinator health within 2 years after making that determination. Current law provides that every person who violates a provision of any of certain laws relating to pesticides, or a regulation issued pursuant to any of those laws, is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by specified fines or by imprisonment of not more than 6 months, or both. This bill would require the department, by July 1, 2024, to issue a determination, taking into account the latest science, with respect to a reevaluation of neonicotinoid pesticides, as defined, on pollinating insects, aguatic ecosystems, and human health when used for the nonagricultural protection of outdoor ornamental plants, trees, and turf, and, by July 1, 2026, to adopt any control measures for that use that are determined by the department, based on the reevaluation, to be necessary to protect pollinating insects, aquatic ecosystems, and human health, as provided.

> **Position** Watch

Assigned

Hirsh

AB 496 (Friedman D) Cosmetic safety.

Current Text: Amended: 3/8/2023 html pdf Introduced: 2/7/2023

Last Amend: 3/8/2023

Status: 6/8/2023-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

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Synopsis: ...45-2). (11) o-Phenylenediamine and its salts (CAS no. 95-54-5). (12) The following per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) and their salts: (A) Perfluorooctane sulfonate (PFOS); heptadecafluorooctane-1-sulfonic acid (CAS no. 1763-23-1). (B) Potassium perfluorooctanesulfonate; potassium ...

Summary: Current law, commencing January 1, 2025, prohibits a person or entity from manufacturing, selling, delivering, holding, or offering for sale in commerce any cosmetic product that contains any of several specified intentionally added ingredients except under specified circumstances. This bill would, commencing January 1, 2027, expand that prohibition by adding specified banned ingredients.

| Position |
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Assigned

Watch

Beach

<u>AB 504</u> (<u>Reyes</u> D) State and local public employees: labor relations: strikes.

Current Text: Amended: 7/13/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/7/2023

Last Amend: 7/13/2023

Status: 7/13/2023-Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

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Synopsis: ...shall apply. (f) This section shall not apply to any public employee who is subject to Section 1962 of the Labor Code. Code or to any employee working as a peace officer under subdivision (a) of Section 830.1 of the Penal ...

Summary: The Meyers-Milias-Brown Act and the Ralph C. Dills Act regulate the labor relations of employees and employers of local public agencies and the state, respectively. Those acts grant specified employees, including, among others, certain employees of fire departments, of local public agencies and the state the right to form, join, and participate in the activities of employee organizations of their choosing and require public agency employers, among other things, to meet and confer with representatives of recognized employee organizations and exclusive representatives on terms and conditions of employment. The acts grant the Public Employment Relations Board the power to hear specified disputes in relation to these provisions and to make determinations regarding them. This bill would provide, except as specified, that it is not unlawful or a cause for discipline or other adverse action against a public employee for that public employee to refuse to enter property that is the site of a primary strike, perform work for a public employee involved in a primary strike, or go through or work behind a primary strike line. The bill would prohibit a public employee for ganization to inform employees of these rights and encourage them to exercise those rights.

Position

Assigned

Watch

Murcell

AB 548 (Boerner D) State Housing Law: inspection.

Current Text: Amended: 6/22/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/8/2023

Last Amend: 6/22/2023

Status: 7/3/2023-In committee: Referred to APPR suspense file.

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Synopsis: ...or premises on which a building is located to be in violation of the State Housing Law if it contains lead hazards, as specified, that are likely to endanger the health of the public or the occupants. This bill would require ...

Summary: Current law authorizes an officer, employee, or agent of an enforcement agency to enter and inspect any building or premises whenever necessary to secure compliance with, or prevent a violation of, any provision of the State Housing Law, the building standards published in the State Building Standards Code, and other rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to the provisions of the State Housing Law that the enforcement agency has the power to enforce. This bill would require local enforcement agencies, by January 1, 2025, to develop policies and procedures for inspecting a building with multiple units if an inspector or code enforcement officer has determined that a unit is substandard or is in violation of the State Housing Law, and the inspector or code enforcement officer determines that the defects or violations have the potential to affect other units of the building, as specified. If the enforcement agency determines the substandard condition could reasonably affect other units, the bill would require notice be given to the property owner, as specified, and the units reinspected to verify correction of the violations. By imposing new duties on local government officials, this bill would impose a statemandated local program.

| Position | Assigned |
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| Watch | Chan |

<u>AB 585</u> (<u>Rivas, Robert</u> D) California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006: literature review and progress report.

Current Text: Amended: 6/14/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/9/2023

Last Amend: 6/14/2023

Status: 7/5/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR with recommendation: To Consent Calendar. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (July 5). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

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Synopsis: ...and declaring the urgency thereof, to take effect immediately. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 585, as amended, Robert Rivas. California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006: literature review and progress report. The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 designates the State Air Resources Board as the state agency responsible for monitoring and regulating ...

Summary: Would request the California Council on Science and Technology (CCST), in its discretion, every 2 years, to perform a literature review as an ongoing series of systematic reviews, including source materials, to assess the infrastructure project types, scale, and pace necessary to achieve the state's energy, climate change, and air quality goals, as specified. The bill would also require, on an annual basis, the Office of Planning and Research to provide to the Joint Legislative Committee on Climate Change Policies, in consultation with the Energy Commission, the Public Utilities Commission, the State Air Resources Board, and the Independent System Operator, a progress report regarding the number of permit applications, the number of permitted projects approved, and the number of projects commissioned, for each of the infrastructure categories identified in the most recent literature review, as provided. The bill would provide that the funding required for these purposes would be provided upon appropriation by the Legislature, as specified.

Position

Assigned

Watch

Steedman-Lyde

<u>AB 601</u> (Flora R) Correctional industry safety committee.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/9/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/9/2023

Status: 5/5/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PRINT on 2/9/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

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Synopsis: ...Bill No. 601 Introduced by Assembly Member Flora February 09, 2023 An act to amend Section 6304.3 of the Labor Code, relating to employment. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 601, as introduced, Flora. Correctional industry safety committee. Existing law requires thatwith Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation administrative procedures at each facility maintaining a correctional industry, as defined, and requires the Division of Occupational Safety and Health to promulgate, and the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation to implement, regulations concerning the duties ...

Summary: Current law requires that a correctional industry safety committee be established in accordance with Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation administrative procedures at each facility maintaining a correctional industry, as defined, and requires the Division of Occupational Safety and Health to promulgate, and the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation to implement, regulations concerning the duties and functions that govern the operation of each committee. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to those provisions.

Position

Watch

Assigned

Chan

<u>AB 685</u> (<u>Ramos</u> D) Workforce training: CaliforniaVolunteers: youth job corps.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/13/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/13/2023

Status: 5/19/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/10/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

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Synopsis: ...term and long-term success of the youth enrolled. (g) The #CaliforniansForAll Youth Jobs Corps program addresses three critical issues: COVID-19 recovery, food insecurity, and climate action. (h) Through the program, youth engage with their communities in meaningful ventures as theyto provide technical assistance to eligible applicants to ensure

that grants are awarded to qualified applicants addressing three critical issues: COVID-19 recovery, food insecurity, and climate action. (o) The act keeps definitions, duties for the CaliforniaVolunteers, and requirements for applications ...

Summary: Current federal law, the National and Community Service Trust Act of 1993, also requires the state to create a commission to carry out specified duties relating to national service programs to be eligible for grants or allotments under certain programs, or to receive distributions of approved national service positions. Current state law continues into existence the Board of Commissioners under CaliforniaVolunteers for purposes of meeting the requirements of the federal act and the act's implementing rules and regulations. This bill would establish in statute the #CaliforniansForAll Youth Job Corps Program. The bill would require the CaliforniaVolunteers to expand the program, upon appropriation by the Legislature, which would fund supportive services, as specified, that are necessary for homeless youth and current or former foster youth to enable their participation in the workforce development program, as defined. Under the bill, grants would be awarded on a competitive basis. The bill would require the CaliforniaVolunteers to conduct outreach activities and to provide technical assistance to eligible applicants to ensure that grants are awarded to qualified applicants providing a broad spectrum of supportive services. The bill would prescribe definitions, duties for the CaliforniaVolunteers, and requirements for applications and applicants, including the requirement that applicants agree to provide the office any information that the office deems necessary to meet reporting requirements and other grant requirements. The bill would require the CaliforniaVolunteers to evaluate how grants awarded under the program address the needs of eligible targeted populations and, beginning one year after the initial award of grant funds, to post an annual report on its internet website regarding the progress and success of the program.

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| Hirsh |
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<u>AB 700</u> (<u>Grayson</u> D) California Firefighter Cancer Prevention and Research Program.

Current Text: Amended: 6/19/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/13/2023 Last Amend: 6/19/2023

Last Amend: 0/19/2023

Status: 7/5/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR with recommendation: To Consent Calendar. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (July 5). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

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Synopsis: ...occupational exposure as a firefighter as a Group 1 known human carcinogen. (c) Recent studies from the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) confirm an increased risk of cancer in firefighters, including a 14-percent higher risk of dying fromchemical carcinogens absorbed and metabolized by firefighters and studying biomarkers of effect that quantify cancer-promoting cellular changes that ultimately lead to a cancer diagnosis. (b) The department, in consultation with the University of California and University of California, in consultation ...

Summary: Would, subject to an appropriation by the Legislature in the annual Budget Act or another statute for these purposes and a resolution adopted by the Regents of the University of California agreeing to undertake the below-described duties, establish the California Firefighter Cancer Prevention and Research Program, and would request the University of California to develop and administer a competitive grant program to award grants to eligible educational institutions to conduct research using a fire service community-based participatory research model, as defined. The bill would require the University of California, in consultation with the FIRESCOPE Program, to develop the strategic guidelines and priorities of the program and receive and evaluate the applications of the eligible educational institutions. The bill would require the FIRESCOPE Program to make final recommendations to the University of California, in consultation with the FIRESCOPE Program to make final recommendations to the University of California, in consultation with the FIRESCOPE Program to prepare an annual report to the Legislature, beginning on January 1, 2025, with specified information, including the number and dollar amounts of the grants that have been awarded.

Position Support **Assigned** Gulbrandsen

<u>AB 735</u> (Berman D) Workforce development: utility careers.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/13/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/13/2023

Status: 5/19/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/10/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

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Synopsis: ...development of a high road economy that offers an educated and skilled workforce with fair compensation and treatment in the workplace. In this regard, existing law requires the board to assist in the administration, promotion, and expansion of, as well assystematic analysis of data, which may include data pertaining to labor markets. (f) "Economic security" means, with respect to a worker, earning a wage sufficient to support a family adequately, and, over time, to save for emergency expenses and adequate retirement income, based on factors such as household size, the cost of living in the worker's community, and other factors that may vary by region. (g) "Evidence-based" means making use of policy research as ...

Summary: Would establish the High Road Utility Careers (HRUC) program, to be administered by the California Workforce Development Board, to connect existing resources with individuals interested in careers in the utility sector and ensure a continued reliable workforce for California utilities. The bill would require the board to administer the HRUC program through partnerships with statewide water, wastewater, and energy utility associations and to coordinate the program with existing and future programs and initiatives administered by the board, including high road training partnerships, in order to align interested individuals with available resources. The bill would require the HRUC program, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to dedicate funding and resources toward accomplishing specified goals, including connecting workers to high-quality jobs or entry-level work with defined routes to advancement and increasing skills and opportunities while expanding pipelines for low-income populations.

| Position | Assigned |
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| Support If | Hirsh |
| Amended | |

AB 800 (Ortega D) Workplace Readiness Week: work permits.

Current Text: Amended: 5/18/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/13/2023

Last Amend: 5/18/2023

Status: 7/13/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 4. Noes 0.) (July 12). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

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Synopsis: ...Section 49110.5 to the Education Code, relating to pupil instruction. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 800, as amended, Ortega. Workplace Readiness Week: work permits. Existing law deems the month of May to be Labor History Month throughout the public schoolsthe United States. This bill would require the week of each year that includes April 28 to be known as "Workplace Readiness Week." The bill would require all secondary schools public high schools, including charter schools, to annually observe that weekannually send a written notice to every secondary school public high school, including charter school public high school administrators to issue a work permit to pupils subject to specific

Summary: Would require the week of each year that includes April 28 to be known as "Workplace Readiness Week." The bill would require all public high schools, including charter schools, to annually observe that week by providing information to pupils on their rights as workers, and would specify the topics to be covered. The bill would require the observances to be integrated into the regular school program in grades 11 and 12, consistent with the history-social science framework. By imposing additional duties on public school officials, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would require the Superintendent of Public Instruction to annually send a written notice to every public high school, including charter schools, with certain information relating to Workplace Readiness Week, as provided.

Position Support If Amended **Assigned** Hirsh

AB 861 (Santiago D) Hazardous waste: Exide Technologies facility.

Current Text: Amended: 5/18/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/14/2023

Last Amend: 5/18/2023

Status: 6/14/2023-Referred to Com. on E.Q.

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Synopsis: ...Member Santiago February 14, 2023 An act to add Section 25125.5 to the Health and Safety Code, relating to hazardous waste. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 861, as amended, Santiago. Hazardous waste: Exide Technologies facility. Existing law tasks the Department of Toxic Substances Control with the responsibility to regulate the handling ...

Summary: Would require the Board of Environmental Safety to contract with an entity that has expertise in remediating contaminated sites for the purpose of reviewing the Department of Toxic Substances Control's residential cleanup near the former Exide Technologies lead-acid battery recycling facility in the City of Vernon. The bill would require the contractor to use only existing data in its review, but, if necessary, the bill would authorize the contractor to take, review, and analyze limited samples. The bill would require the contractor to meet with members of the community to hear comments or concerns about the cleanup and provide its findings to the board, as specified. The bill would require the board to post the contractor's findings on the board's internet website.

| Position | Assigned |
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| Watch | Celly |

AB 967 (Flora R) California Safe Drinking Water Act: definitions.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/14/2023 <u>html pdf</u>

Introduced: 2/14/2023

Status: 5/5/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PRINT on 2/14/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

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Synopsis: ...Assembly Member Flora February 14, 2023 An act to amend Section 116275 of the Health and Safety Code, relating to drinking water. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 967, as introduced, Flora. California Safe Drinking Water Act: definitions. Existing law, the California Safe Drinking Water Resources Control Board to administer ...

Summary: The California Safe Drinking Water Act requires the State Water Resources Control Board to administer provisions relating to the regulation of drinking water to protect public health. The act defines various terms for its purposes. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to those definitions.

| Position |
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Watch

Assigned

Celly

<u>AB 985</u> (<u>Arambula</u> D) San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District: emission reduction credit system.

Current Text: Amended: 7/6/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/15/2023

Last Amend: 7/6/2023

Status: 7/6/2023-Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

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Synopsis: ...as the state agency with the primary responsibility for the control of vehicular air pollution and air pollution control and air quality management districts with the primary responsibility for the control of air pollution from all sources other than vehicular sources.

ExistingState of California do enact as follows: SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares all of the following: (a) Poor air quality is intimately linked with negative health impacts, including respiratory illness and premature deaths, with recent studies estimating air pollution ...

Summary: Current law requires the board of every air district to establish by regulation a system by which all reductions in the emission of air contaminants that are to be used to offset certain future increases in the emission of air contaminants be banked prior to use to offset future increases in emissions, except as specified. Current law requires the State Air Resources Board to develop and adopt a methodology for use by air districts to calculate the value of credits issued for emission reductions from stationary, mobile, indirect, and areawide sources when those credits are used interchangeably, consistent with certain requirements. Current law also requires the state board to periodically update the methodology as it applies to future transactions, if necessary. Current law provides for the establishment of the San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District vested with the authority to regulate air emissions from stationary sources located in the San Joaquin Valley Air Basin. This bill would require the state board, except as provided, to conduct an analysis of each credit identified in the San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District's ledger of available emission reduction credits to determine if any credits were issued in violation of state, local, or district laws, rules, regulations, or procedures in place at the time of original issuance, and to complete the analysis no later than January 1, 2027. The bill would require, upon completion of the analysis, the state board to submit a report to the Legislature that includes a summary of the results of the analysis.

| Position | Assigned |
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| Watch | Berman |

AB 1007 (Ortega D) Occupational safety and health standards: plume.

Current Text: Amended: 6/29/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/15/2023

Last Amend: 6/29/2023

Status: 7/10/2023-In committee: Referred to APPR. suspense file.

| Desk Policy Fiscal Floor | Desk Policy Fiscal Floor | Conf. | Enrollod | Votood | Chaptorod |
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| 1st House | 2nd House | Conc. | LIIIOIleu | velueu | Chaptered |

Synopsis: ...Bill No. 1007 Introduced by Assembly Member Ortega February 15, 2023 An act to add Section 144.9 to the Labor Code, relating to occupational safety and health. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 1007, as amended, Ortega. Occupational safety and health standards: plume. Under existing ...

Summary: Would, by January 1, 2025, require the Division of Occupational Safety and Health to submit to the Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board a proposed regulation requiring a health facility to evacuate or remove plume to the extent technologically feasible through the use of a plume scavenging system in all settings that employ techniques that involve the creation of plume. The bill would require the division, when developing regulations, to consider, among other things, recommendations on the evacuation of plume from the federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration and National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health. The bill would require the board to consider for adoption a proposed regulation by July 1, 2025.

Position

Assigned

Watch

Murcell

AB 1083 (McKinnor D) Labor Code.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/15/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/15/2023

Status: 5/5/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PRINT on 2/15/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

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Synopsis: ...Assembly Bill No. 1083 Introduced by Assembly Member McKinnor February 15, 2023 An act to amend Section 1 of the Labor Code, relating to employment. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 1083, as introduced, McKinnor. Labor Code. Existing law includes a code known as the Labor Code. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes in the title ...

Summary: Current law includes a code known as the Labor Code. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes in the title provision of that code.

Position

Watch

Assigned

Fynboh

AB 1216 (Muratsuchi D) Wastewater treatment plants: monitoring of air pollutants.

Current Text: Amended: 4/26/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/16/2023

Last Amend: 4/26/2023

Status: 6/26/2023-In committee: Hearing postponed by committee.

| Desk Policy Fiscal Floor | Desk Policy Fiscal Floo | Conf. | Enrollod | Votood | Chaptored |
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Synopsis: ...Safety Code, relating to air pollution. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 1216, as amended, Muratsuchi. Wastewater treatment plants: monitoring of <mark>air pollutants</mark>. Existing law generally designates air pollution control and <mark>air quality</mark> management districts with the primary responsibility for the control of air pollution from all sources other than vehicular sources ...

Summary: Would require, on or before January 1, 2025, the owner or operator of a wastewater treatment facility that is located within 1,500 feet of a residential area and has an original design capacity of 425,000,000 gallons or more per day to develop, install, operate, and maintain a wastewater treatment-related fence-line monitoring system in accordance with guidance developed by the appropriate air quality management district. The bill would require the wastewater treatment-related fence-line monitoring system to include equipment capable of measuring pollutants of concern, including hydrogen sulfide, nitrogen oxides, and volatile organic compounds emitted to the atmosphere from wastewater treatment or reclamation processes that the appropriate district deems appropriate for monitoring. The bill would also require the owner or operator of a wastewater treatment facility to collect real-time data from the wastewater treatment-related fence-line monitoring system, to maintain records of that data, and to transmit the data to the appropriate air quality management district in accordance with the district's guidance. In addition, the bill would require, to the extent feasible, the data generated by these systems to be provided to the public as quickly as possible in a publicly accessible format.

Position

Assigned Celly

Watch

AB 1238 (Ward D) Hazardous waste: solar panels.

Current Text: Amended: 3/21/2023 html pdf Introduced: 2/16/2023

Last Amend: 3/21/2023

Status: 6/7/2023-Referred to Com. on E.Q.

| Desk Policy Fiscal Floor | Desk Policy Fiscal Floor | Conf. | Enrollod | Votood | Chaptorod |
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Synopsis: ...act to amend Section 25259 of, and to add Section 25259.1 to, the Health and Safety Code, relating to hazardous waste. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 1238, as amended, Ward. Hazardous waste: solar panels. Existing law requires the Department of Toxic Substances Control to adopt regulations for the identification and management ...

Summary: Current law requires the Department of Toxic Substances Control to adopt regulations for the identification and management of hazardous wastes. Current law authorizes the department to adopt regulations designating end-of-life photovoltaic modules that are identified as hazardous waste as a universal waste and subject to regulations applicable to universal waste management. A violation of the Hazardous Waste Control Law, including a regulation adopted pursuant to that law, is a crime. This bill would require the department to develop alternative management standards for managing photovoltaic modules. The bill would specify parameters for the standards, including, but not limited to, that they promote the safe collection, reuse, and recycling of photovoltaic modules.

Position

Assigned

Watch

Steedman-

Lyde

<u>AB 1290</u> (<u>Rivas, Luz</u> D) Product safety: plastic packaging: substances.

Current Text: Amended: 3/21/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/16/2023 Last Amend: 3/21/2023

Status: 6/2/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(8). (Last location was INACTIVE FILE on 5/31/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

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Synopsis: ...and to ensure that covered plastic material offered for sale, distributed, or imported in or into the state meets specified recycling rates. Existing law prohibits any person from distributing, selling, or offering for sale in the state any food packaging that contains regulated perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS), as defined, and requires a manufacturer to use the least toxic alternative when replacing regulatedPFAS in food packaging to comply with this requirement. Existing law similarly prohibits, beginning July 1, 2025, a person from manufacturing ...

Summary: Would prohibit, beginning January 1, 2026, a person from manufacturing, selling, offering for sale, or distributing in the state, (1) opaque or pigmented polyethylene terephthalate bottles, and (2) plastic packaging that contains certain chemicals, pigments, or additives, as specified. The bill would exclude from that prohibition packaging used for certain medical, drug, and federally regulated products. The bill would authorize the imposition of a civil penalty for a violation of that prohibition, as specified.

Position Watch

Assigned

Beach

AB 1423 (Schiavo D) Product safety: PFAS: artificial turf or synthetic surfaces.

Current Text: Amended: 7/3/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/17/2023

Last Amend: 7/3/2023

Status: 7/13/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (July 12). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

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Synopsis: ...the Health and Safety Code, relating to product safety. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 1423, as amended, Schiavo. Product safety: PFAS: artificial turf or synthetic surfaces. Existing law, beginning January 1, 2025, prohibits the manufacture, sale, delivery, hold, or offer for sale in commerce of any cosmetic product that contains any intentionally added perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS), as defined. Existing law similarly prohibits, commencing January 1, 2025, a person from manufacturing, distributing, selling, or offering for salein the state any new, not previously used, textile articles that contain regulated PFAS, except as specified, and requires a manufacturer to use the least toxic alternative when removing regulated PFAS in textile articles

Summary: Would, commencing January 1, 2024, require a manufacturer or installer of a covered surface, defined as artificial turf or a synthetic surface that resembles grass, proposing to design or install a field with a covered surface for, or sell a field with a covered surface to, any party to notify the party at the earliest possible date if the covered surface contains regulated perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS), as defined, of that fact. The bill would also prohibit, commencing January 1, 2024, a public entity, including a charter city, charter county, city, or county, any public or private school serving pupils in kindergarten or any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, a public institution of higher education, other than the University of California, or a private institution of higher education from purchasing or installing a covered surface containing regulated PFAS, as provided.

| Position |
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| Watch |

Assigned Beach

AB 1550 (Bennett D) Green hydrogen.

Current Text: Amended: 5/22/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/17/2023

Last Amend: 5/22/2023

Status: 6/2/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(8). (Last location was INACTIVE FILE on 6/1/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

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Synopsis: ...12.3 to the Public Utilities Code, relating to energy. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 1550, as amended, Bennett. Green hydrogen. Existing law requires the State Air Resources Board to develop and adopt hydrogen fuel regulations to ensure that state funding for the production and use of hydrogen fuel contributes to the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions, criteria air pollutant emissions, and toxic air contaminant emissions, including by ...

Summary: Would require, on and after January 1, 2045, that all hydrogen produced and used in California for the generation of electricity or fueling of vehicles be green hydrogen, as defined, in furtherance of the state's policy to achieve net zero greenhouse gas emissions as soon as possible, but no later than 2045. The bill would require the State Air Resources Board, in consultation with the Public Utilities Commission and the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, to develop interim targets to ensure the state achieves that requirement. Because a violation of a state board regulation implementing this requirement would be a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Position Watch Assigned Steedman-Lyde

<u>AB 1593</u> (<u>Garcia</u> D) California Workforce Development Board: Salton Sea geothermal resources area: Equitable Access Program.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/17/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/17/2023

Status: 7/12/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 4. Noes 1.) (July 12). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

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Synopsis: ...of the following: (a) Lithium is becoming an increasingly critical resource as the state, and the world, moves toward a clean energy future to tackle the climate crisis. This metal is a crucial component of batteries needed to power electric vehicles, enable ...

Summary: Existing law establishes the California Workforce Development Board as the body responsible for assisting the Governor in the development, oversight, and continuous improvement of California's workforce investment system and the alignment of the education and workforce investment systems to the needs of the 21st century economy and workforce. Existing law requires the board to assist the Governor with specified tasks, including developing and continuously improving the statewide workforce investment system. This bill would establish the Equitable Access Program to be administered by the board to prioritize employment opportunities in construction, manufacturing, technical, maintenance, operations, or reclamation activities for local residents in the Salton Sea geothermal resources area. The bill would, among other things, require the board, in administering the program, to provide technical assistance to, and establish a framework for, preapprenticeship, registered apprenticeship, and other training programs using the high road construction careers model or high road training partnerships model, and to monitor and track the rate residents of the Salton Sea geothermal resources area that involve battery manufacturing and lithium-based technology. This bill contains other related provisions.

Assigned

Hirsh

| Position | |
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| Watch | |
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AB 1660 (Ta R) Cosmetic products: perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS).

Current Text: Amended: 4/10/2023 <u>html</u> pdf Introduced: 2/17/2023 Last Amend: 4/10/2023 **Status:** 4/28/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was E.S. & T.M. on 3/9/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

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Synopsis: ...Code, relating to public health. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 1660, as amended, Ta. Cosmetic products: perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS). Existing law requires the State Air Resources Board to adopt regulations to achieve the maximum feasible reduction in volatile organicif the state board determines adequate data exist to establish the regulations are necessary to attain state and federal ambient air quality standards and the regulations are commercially and technologically feasible and necessary. Existing law prohibits, beginning January 1, 2025, a person ...

Summary: Current law prohibits, beginning January 1, 2025, a person or entity from manufacturing, selling, delivering, holding, or offering for sale in commerce any cosmetic product that contains intentionally added perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS). Current law defines, for these purposes, "PFAS" to mean a class of fluorinated organic chemicals containing at least one fully fluorinated carbon atom, and "intentionally added PFAS" to mean PFAS chemicals that a manufacturer has intentionally added to a product and that have a functional or technical effect on the product, or PFAS chemicals that are intentional breakdown products of an added chemical. This bill would authorize a person or entity to petition the board to exempt an intentionally added PFAS from that prohibition, and would authorize the State Air Resources Board to, in consultation with the State Water Resources Control Board, the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment, and the Department of Toxic Substances Control, exempt an intentionally added PFAS from that prohibition if the state board determines that the intentionally added PFAS meets specified qualifications. The bill would require the petitioner to provide specified information in their exemption petition to the board, including, among other things, the name of the intentionally added PFAS proposed for exemption, its intended end use, and its intended concentration in the proposed cosmetic product.

| Position | Assigned |
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| Watch | Beach |

AB 1672 (Haney D) In-Home Supportive Services Employer-Employee Relations Act.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/17/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/17/2023

Status: 6/21/2023-In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.

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Synopsis: ...1) This section does not affect the state's responsibility with respect to the state payroll system, unemployment insurance, or workers' compensation and other provisions of Section 12302.2 for providers of in-home supportive services or for individuals who are employed ...

Summary: Would establish a method for resolving disputes regarding wages, benefits, and other terms and conditions of employment between the state and recognized employee organizations representing independent providers. The bill would provide for the right of employees, also known as individual providers under the act, to form, join, and participate in activities of employee organizations for the purposes of representation on all matters within the scope of employee organizations. The bill would define "employee" or "individual provider" for these purposes to mean a person authorized to provide in-home supportive services pursuant to the individual provider mode or waiver personal care services, as prescribed.

Position

Assigned

Watch

Murcell

<u>AB 1689</u> (<u>Grayson</u> D) Greenhouse gases: built environment: decarbonization.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/17/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/17/2023

Status: 5/5/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PRINT on 2/17/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

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Synopsis: ...relating to greenhouse gases. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 1689, as introduced, Grayson. Greenhouse gases: built environment: decarbonization. The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 designates the State Air Resources Board as the state agency charged with monitoring and regulating sources ...

Summary: The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 requires the State Air Resources Board to adopt rules and regulations to achieve the maximum technologically feasible and costeffective greenhouse gas emissions reductions and to ensure that statewide greenhouse gas emissions are reduced to at least 40% below the statewide greenhouse gas emissions limit no later than December 31, 2030.This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact subsequent legislation that would further support California's efforts to decarbonize the built environment.

> Position Watch

Assigned

Steedman-Lyde

AB 1711 (Carrillo, Juan D) Energy: hydrogen: Clean Energy Equity Act.

Current Text: Amended: 4/10/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/17/2023

Last Amend: 4/10/2023

Status: 5/19/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/17/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

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Synopsis: ...to the Health and Safety Code, relating to energy. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST AB 1711, as amended, Juan Carrillo. Energy: hydrogen: Clean Energy Equity Act. Existing law, until January 1, 2024, requires the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission to allocate \$20 ...

Summary: Would enact the Clean Energy Equity Act and would require the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission to equitably allocate moneys appropriated by the Legislature for hydrogen-fueling infrastructure to specifically prioritize rural communities and low-income communities. The bill would require the commission and the State Air Resources Board, except as provided, to jointly review and submit a report to the Legislature on the progress toward establishing hydrogen-fueling infrastructure that is equally accessible to all communities, especially rural communities and low-income communities.

| Position | Assigned |
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| Watch | Steedman- |
| | Lyde |

AB 1754 (Committee on Judiciary) Maintenance of the codes.

Current Text: Enrolled: 7/14/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 3/2/2023

Status: 7/13/2023-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Assembly. (Ayes 37. Noes 0.). In Assembly. Ordered to Engrossing and Enrolling.

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Synopsis: ...50720.2, 53559, 105250.5, 105254, 127501.4, 127502.5, 127507.2, 128736, 150204.5, and 150204.6 of the Health and Safety Code, to amend Sections 1156.35, 1410, 1471, 1472, 1771.4, 2671, 2783, 3073.1, 4610, 4903.6, and 6409.6 of, and to amend and renumber Section 5414.3 of, the Labor Code, to amend Sections 146e, 236.14, 236.15, 653.29, 679.12, 680, 832.7, 1001.81, 1170, 1170.02 ...

Summary: Current law directs the Legislative Counsel to advise the Legislature from time to time as to legislation necessary to maintain the codes. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes in various provisions of the law to effectuate the recommendations made by the Legislative Counsel to the Legislature.

| Position |
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| Watch |

Assigned

Davis,

<u>SB 303</u> (<u>Allen</u> D) Solid waste: Plastic Pollution Prevention and Packaging Producer Responsibility Act.

Current Text: Amended: 7/12/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/2/2023

Last Amend: 7/12/2023

Status: 7/12/2023-Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

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Synopsis: ...Prevention and Packaging Producer Responsibility Act. The California Integrated Waste Management Act of 1989, administered by the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, generally regulates the disposal, management, and recycling of, among other solid waste, plastic packaging containers and single-use foodware accessories. Existing law establishes the Plastic Pollution Preventionand to ensure that plastic covered material offered for sale, distributed, or imported in or into the state achieves specified recycling rates, as provided. The act prohibits a producer from selling, offering for sale, importing, or distributing covered materials in the ...

Summary: Current law establishes the Plastic Pollution Prevention and Packaging Producer Responsibility Act, which covers certain single-use packaging and plastic single-use food serviceware, as provided. As part of its comprehensive statutory scheme, existing law requires producers, as defined, of these covered materials to source reduce plastic covered material, to ensure that all covered material offered for sale, distributed, or imported in or into the state on or after January 1, 2032, is recyclable or compostable, and to ensure that plastic covered material offered for sale, distributed, or imported in or into the state achieves specified recycling rates, as provided. The act prohibits a producer from selling, offering for sale, importing, or distributing covered materials in the state unless the producer is approved to participate in the producer responsibility plan of a producer responsibility organization (PRO), as prescribed, for the source reduction, collection, processing, and recycling of covered material, except as provided. The act requires the department to establish a producer responsibility advisory board for specified purposes. The act authorizes an affected entity that asserts that specific actions taken to meet the requirements of the act are disrupting or otherwise adversely affecting the sustained operation or commercial viability of solid waste collection programs, solid waste recycling facilities, or composting facilities providing services in accordance with local solid waste handling requirements, to bring the concern and evidence supporting that assertion to the advisory board for discussion and to ask the advisory board to conduct a preliminary evaluation of the information. If the evaluation demonstrates that specific actions are disrupting or otherwise adversely affecting existing operations, the act requires the advisory board to submit the concern to the department for further analysis. The act requires the department to analyze the information provided by the advisory board and authorizes the department to offer a recommendation for resolution. This bill would instead authorize an affected entity that asserts that specific actions taken by the PRO, a producer, or an entity under contract with the PRO are not consistent with specified prohibitions and requirements of the act and are disrupting or otherwise adversely affecting the sustained operation or commercial viability of solid waste collection programs, solid waste recycling facilities, or composting facilities providing services in accordance with local solid waste handling requirements to bring that concern and supporting evidence to the advisory board. The bill would delete the requirement that the board submit the concern to the department for further analysis and would instead require that the advisory board, rather than the department, offer a recommendation for resolution within 90 days of submission of the request for a preliminary evaluation. The bill would thereafter authorize either party to initiate nonbinding arbitration, as specified. The bill would specify the duties and the authority of the arbitrator, as described, including requiring the arbitrator to transmit the proposed decision to the department and the advisory board. The bill would require the department to review the arbitrator's proposed decision within 60 days of receipt and to make a specified determination.

> **Position** Watch

Assigned Beach

<u>SB 308</u> (<u>Becker</u> D) Carbon Dioxide Removal Market Development Act.

Current Text: Amended: 5/18/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/2/2023

Last Amend: 5/18/2023

Status: 7/6/2023-July 10 hearing postponed by committee.

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Synopsis: ...26 of the Health and Safety Code, relating to greenhouse gases. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST SB 308, as amended, Becker. Carbon Dioxide Removal Market Development Act. The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 establishes the State Air Resources Board as the state agency responsible for monitoring and regulating ...

Summary: Would enact the Carbon Dioxide Removal Market Development Act that would require the State Air Resources Board, no later than December 31, 2027, to adopt a regulation to require certain emitting entities to purchase negative emissions credits equal to a specified amount of their greenhouse gas emissions, as determined by the state board, in each calendar year beginning in the 2028 calendar year in accordance with specified requirements. The bill would require the state board, no later than December 31, 2027, to establish rules and processes for certifying carbon dioxide removal processes that may be used to create negative emissions credits and for tracking negative emissions credits in accordance with certain criteria. The bill would also require negative emissions resulting from the use of negative emissions credits to be included in the calculation of the state's net greenhouse gas emissions, as specified.

Position

Assigned

Watch

Steedman-Lyde

<u>SB 332</u> (<u>Cortese</u> D) Minor league baseball players.

Current Text: Amended: 6/12/2023 <u>html pdf</u> Introduced: 2/7/2023

Last Amend: 6/12/2023

Status: 7/13/2023-From committee: Do pass as amended and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (July 12).

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Synopsis: ...07, 2023 An act to amend Section 3074.2 of 226 of, and to add Section 514.5 to, the Labor Code, relating to apprenticeship. employment. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST SB 332, as amended, Cortese. Apprenticeship programs: career fair: report. Minor leagueagreement that expressly provides for the wages, hours of work, and working conditions of employees. The bill would require the Department of Industrial Relations to amend and republish Wage Order 10-2001 to provide that specified provisions of the wage order

Summary: Current law provides that 8 hours of labor constitute a day's work unless it is otherwise expressly stipulated in a collective bargaining agreement, and requires that any work in excess of specified hours in one workday or one workweek be compensated at a rate higher than the regular rate of pay for the employee, as specified. Current law authorizes, upon the proposal of an employer, employees of an employer to adopt a regularly scheduled alternative workweek that authorizes work by the affected employees for no longer than 10 hours per day within a 40-hour workweek without the payment to the affected employees of an overtime rate of compensation, as specified. Current law prohibits an employer from employing an employee for a work period of more than 5 hours per day without providing the employee with a meal period, as specified, but, notwithstanding these provisions, existing law authorizes the Industrial Welfare Commission to adopt a working condition order permitting a meal period to commence after 6 hours of work if specified conditions are met. Under current law, the Industrial Welfare Commission issues wage orders that regulates wages, hours, and working conditions in various occupations, including Wage Order No. 10-2001, which regulates the amusement and recreation industry. This bill would provide that these provisions do not apply to a person who has entered into a contract to play baseball at the minor league level and who is compensated pursuant to the terms of a collective bargaining agreement that expressly provides for the wages, hours of work, and working conditions of employees.

Position Watch

Assigned Hirsh

<u>SB 416</u> (Laird D) State agencies: building and renovation projects: LEED certification.

Current Text: Amended: 6/13/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/9/2023

Last Amend: 6/13/2023

Status: 6/21/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 6. Noes 0.) (June 21). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

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Synopsis: ...for a project, to prepare full, complete, and accurate plans and specifications and estimates of cost. Existing law, the California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006, designates the State Air Resources Board as the state agency charged with monitoring and regulating sources ...

Summary: Current law, the State Contract Act, governs the bidding and award of public works contracts by specific state departments and requires an awarding department, before entering into any contract for a project, to prepare full, complete, and accurate plans and specifications and estimates of cost. This bill would, with certain exceptions, require all new building and major renovation projects larger than 10,000 gross square feet undertaken by state agencies, and for which the project schematic design documents are initiated by the state agency on or after January 1, 2024, to obtain the Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design or "LEED" Gold or higher certification and to qualify for at least the minimum points achievable for rainwater management, as described. The bill would authorize certification to an alternative equivalent or higher rating system or standard, if any, only when approved by the Director of General Services.

Position Watch

Assigned

Davis,

<u>SB 499</u> (<u>Menjivar</u> D) School facilities: School Extreme Heat Action Plan Act of 2023.

Current Text: Amended: 5/18/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/14/2023

Last Amend: 5/18/2023

Status: 7/13/2023-Coauthors revised. From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 4. Noes 1.) (July 12). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

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Synopsis: ...lots. These surfaces are generally composed of cement, asphalt, brick, pebbles, aggregates, rubber, or synthetic turf, which absorb and store radiation throughout the day and slowly release heat throughout the night. They are nonporous and therefore do not allow water to ...

Summary: The California Child Day Care Facilities Act provides for the licensure and regulation of child daycare facilities, daycare centers, and family daycare homes by the State Department of Social Services. The act exempts from its provisions certain types of these facilities and certain programs, including, among others, a California state preschool program operated by a local educational agency under contract with the State Department of Education and that meets specified conditions and operates in a school building. Current law requires the governing board of any school district to, among other things, repair its school property. This bill, the School Extreme Heat Action Plan Act of 2023, would, among other things, require all schoolsite, to replace low specific heat surfaces, such as cement, asphalt, brick, pebbles, sand, aggregates, rubber, and synthetic turf, with high specific heat surfaces, such as cool pavement technologies, natural grass, shrubs, trees, wood chips, or other natural systems that mitigate heat and pollution, as provided. The bill would require all schoolsite decisionmaking personnel involved in the replacement or resurfacing of outdoor surfaces at a schoolsite to be trained in extreme heat mitigation measures.

| Position |
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| Watch |

Assigned Berman

<u>SB 526</u> (Limón D) Department of Industrial Relations: domestic violence prevention.

Current Text: Amended: 4/27/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/14/2023

Last Amend: 4/27/2023

Status: 5/19/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/8/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

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Synopsis: ...Senate Bill No. 526 Introduced by Senator Limón February 14, 2023 An act to add Section 64.6 to the Labor Code, relating to domestic violence prevention. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST SB 526, as amended, Limón. Department of Industrial Relations: domestic violence prevention. Existing law establishes the Department of Industrial Relations and defines its functions to include ...

Summary: Would require the Department of Industrial Relations to develop and prepare a poster regarding domestic violence prevention that employers may display in their workplace and to make the poster available to employers for download through the department's internet website. The bill would authorize the department to consult with the Department of Justice as to the content and design of the poster. The bill would require that the poster be made available in English, Spanish, and any non-English language required under the Dymally-Alatorre Bilingual Services Act.

Position Support **Assigned** Murcell

<u>SB 553</u> (<u>Cortese</u> D) Occupational safety: workplace violence: restraining orders and workplace violence prevention plan.

Current Text: Amended: 7/10/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/15/2023

Last Amend: 7/10/2023

Status: 7/10/2023-Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

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Synopsis: ...the Code of Civil Procedure, and to amend Section 6401.7 of, and to add Section 6401.9 to, the Labor Code, relating to occupational safety. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST SB 553, as amended, Cortese. Occupational safety: workplace violence: restraining orders and workplace violence prevention ...

Summary: Current law authorizes any employer, whose employee has suffered unlawful violence or a credible threat of violence from any individual that can reasonably be construed to be carried out or to have been carried out at the workplace, to seek a temporary restraining order and an order after hearing on behalf of the employee and other employees at the workplace, as described. This bill, commencing January 1, 2025, would also authorize a collective bargaining representative of an employee, as described, to seek a temporary restraining order and an order after hearing on behalf of the employee and other employees at the workplace, as described. The bill would require an employee and other employees at the workplace, as described. The bill would require an employer or collective bargaining representative of an employee or collective bargaining representative of an employee, before filing such a petition, to provide the employee who has suffered unlawful violence or a credible threat of violence from any individual an opportunity to decline to be named in the temporary restraining order.

Position Watch **Assigned** Gulbrandsen

<u>SB 652</u> (Umberg D) Evidence: expert testimony. Current Text: Chaptered: 7/13/2023 <u>html pdf</u> Introduced: 2/16/2023 Last Amend: 6/8/2023 **Status:** 7/13/2023-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 75, Statutes of 2023.

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Synopsis: ...of a reasonable degree of probability in their field of expertise, including, but not limited to, medical, psychological, psychiatric, scientific, engineering, or other applicable field in which they are offered as an expert. (c) Subdivision (b) does not preclude a witness ...

Summary: Current law authorizes an expert witness to testify in the form of an opinion, if the opinion is sufficiently beyond the common experience such that it would assist the trier of fact and if the opinion is based on matter, whether or not admissible, that is known to the witness prior to their testimony and that may reasonably be relied upon by an expert in forming their opinion in the matter, unless the witness is precluded by law from using those reasons or matter as a basis for the opinion. This bill would create additional requirements for expert opinions regarding medical causation. The bill would, in a case in which an expert testifying about medical causation for the party bearing the burden of proof is required to testify that causation exists to a reasonable probability, allow the party not bearing the burden of proof to offer the testimony of a contrary expert only if the expert can testify that a proffered alternative cause exists to a reasonable medical probability or that a matter cannot meet a reasonable degree of probability in the applicable field, as specified.

Position Watch

Assigned

Berman, Spielman

<u>SB 663</u> (<u>Archuleta</u> D) California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program: renewable hydrogen.

Current Text: Amended: 5/18/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/16/2023

Last Amend: 5/18/2023

Status: 6/2/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(8). (Last location was INACTIVE FILE on 6/1/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

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Synopsis: ...Utilities Code, relating to energy. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST SB 663, as amended, Archuleta. California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program: renewable hydrogen. Existing law establishes the California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program, which requires the Public Utilities Commission to implement annual procurement targetsprocurement plan to achieve the targets and goals of the program. This bill would include a facility that uses renewable hydrogen, as defined, meeting certain requirements, including a requirement that sellers and purchasers of renewable hydrogen comply with a system for tracking and verifying the use of renewable hydrogen, as a renewable electrical generation facility for ...

Summary: Current law establishes the California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program, which requires the Public Utilities Commission to implement annual procurement targets for the procurement of eligible renewable energy resources, which is defined as an electrical generating facility that meets the definition of "renewable electrical generation facility" subject to certain conditions, for all retail sellers, as defined, and requires local publicly owned electric utilities to adopt and implement a renewable energy resources procurement plan to achieve the targets and goals of the program. This bill would include a facility that uses renewable hydrogen, as defined, meeting certain requirements, including a requirement that sellers and purchasers of renewable hydrogen comply with a system for tracking and verifying the use of renewable hydrogen, as a renewable electrical generation facility for purposes of the California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program.

Position

Watch

Assigned Steedman-Lyde

Introduced: 2/16/2023

Last Amend: 6/21/2023

Status: 6/21/2023-Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

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Synopsis: ...and to ensure that plastic covered material offered for sale, distributed, or imported in or into the state meets specified recycling rates. Existing law vests the California Environmental Protection Agency with authority over various environmental matters and various state agencies, including the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery (CalRecycle ...

Summary: Current law vests the California Environmental Protection Agency with authority over various environmental matters and various state agencies, including the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery (CalRecycle), the State Water Resources Control Board, the Department of Toxic Substances Control, and the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment. Current law establishes the Ocean Protection Council to coordinate activities of state agencies that are related to, among other things, assisting CalRecycle's adoption of regulations to establish a process, and develop criteria, for determining the types of food service packaging that are reusable, recyclable, or compostable. This bill would require the California Environmental Protection Agency, by January 1, 2025, to establish a working group of the above-referenced state agencies that would establish a framework for evaluating novel plastic and plasticalternative material types used to produce single-use products as they are developed, in order to inform state policy decisions designed to create a more sustainable and circular economy, as provided. The bill would require the working group to, among other things, develop recommendations related to novel material types, including the appropriate marketing and labeling of the material, the handling of the material at the end of its useful life, and how the material needs to be treated in relation to existing state policies, rules, and regulations.

| Position | Assigned |
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| Watch | Beach |

<u>SB 674</u> (<u>Gonzalez</u> D) Air pollution: refineries: community air monitoring systems: fence-line monitoring systems.

Current Text: Amended: 7/12/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/16/2023

Last Amend: 7/12/2023

Status: 7/12/2023-Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

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Synopsis: ...refinery to develop, install, operate, and maintain a fence-line monitoring system in accordance with guidance developed by the appropriate air quality management district or air pollution control district. Existing law requires the air districts and the owners or operators of refineriesdistrict to establish pollutants for the monitoring systems to monitor and would include certain pollutants identified by the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment. The bill would authorize the air district to exclude a pollutant for monitoring at those monitoring systems ...

Summary: Current law requires a refinery-related community air monitoring system to be installed near each petroleum refinery that meets certain requirements. Current law requires the owner or operator of a petroleum refinery to develop, install, operate, and maintain a fence-line monitoring system in accordance with guidance developed by the appropriate air quality management district or air pollution control district. Existing law requires the air districts and the owners or operators of refineries to collect real-time data from those monitoring systems, to maintain records of that data, and, to the extent feasible, provide to the public those data in a publicly accessible format. This bill would extend the above requirements to refineries engaging in other types of refining processes, including those using noncrude oil feedstock, and to auxiliary facilities. The bill would require the refinery-related community air monitoring system and the fence-line monitoring system to be installed on or before January 1, 2026, after a 30-day public comment period, and would require the refinery-related community air monitoring system to be updated, as specified. The bill would require the appropriate air district to establish pollutants for the monitoring systems to monitor and would include certain pollutants identified

by the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment. The bill would authorize the air district to exclude a pollutant for monitoring at those monitoring systems, as provided. The bill would require air districts, on a 5-year basis, to review the list of pollutants being measured and would authorize the air districts to revise the list, as provided. The bill would require the air districts and the owners and operators of refineries to maintain records of the data collected from those systems for at least 5 years and would require the owners and operators to post online, and to notify the public of the availability of, quarterly reports containing certain information.

PositionAssignedWatchCelly

<u>SB 686</u> (Durazo D) Domestic workers: occupational safety.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/16/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/16/2023

Status: 6/29/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (June 28). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

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Synopsis: ...2023 An act to amend Sections 1455 and 6303 of, and to add Sections 6714 and 6714.1 to, the Labor Code, relating to domestic workers. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST SB 686, as introduced, Durazo. Domestic workers: occupational safety. Existing law establishes within the Department of Industrial Relations the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement and the Division of ...

Summary: Would make CBOs responsible for developing and consulting with the Division of Occupational Safety and Health regarding the core education and outreach materials regarding health and safety standards, retaliation, and the division's workplace safety complaint and retaliation process, including specific issues that affect the domestic work industry differently. The bill would make CBOs responsible for all costs related to the development, printing, advertising, or distribution of the education and outreach materials. The bill, on and after July 1, 2024, would require the chief, representatives of the consultation services and enforcement branches of the Division of Occupational Safety and Health, and CBOs to meet periodically, as specified, to coordinate efforts around outreach, education, and enforcement. The bill would prohibit the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement and the Division of Occupational Safety and Health from expending more than 5% of the budget allocation on the administration of the program. The bill would remove the repeal date, thereby making these provisions operative indefinitely.

Position Watch

Assigned

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Gulbrandsen

<u>SB 735</u> (<u>Cortese</u> D) Motion picture productions: safety: firearms: ammunition.

Current Text: Amended: 5/18/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/17/2023

Last Amend: 5/18/2023

Status: 6/1/2023-Referred to Com. on L. & E.

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Synopsis: ...13 (commencing with Section 9150) to Division 5 of, and to repeal Section Sections 9152 and 9152.5 of, the <mark>Labor Code</mark>, relating to <mark>occupational safety</mark>. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST SB 735, as amended, Cortese. Motion picture productions: safety: firearms: ammunition. Existing law grants the ...

Summary: Would, commencing July 1, 2025 and until June 30, 2030, inclusive, would require that an employer for a motion picture production that receives a specified motion picture tax credit, for that motion picture production, hire or assign a qualified safety advisor for California filming activities to perform a risk assessment and, if required under the bill, a specific risk assessment, as specified. The bill would require a dedicated safety advisor to be present on every motion picture production in the pilot program who is assigned exclusively to that motion picture production. The bill would require assessments to be accessible to specified affected persons and safety advisor access to locations and relevant facilities and items to ensure safety.

The bill would require production to conduct a daily safety meeting, including, but not limited to, a safety meeting required when firearms are involved in a scene. The bill would require a safety advisor to participate in daily safety meetings, as specified. The bill would require an employer to identify a person for performers, crew, labor organization representatives, and the division to contact for issues regarding compliance. The bill would require the safety advisor to prepare a final safety evaluation report based on the actual risk and compliance experience. The bill would require the safety advisor, within 60 days following completion of filming activities, to provide the final safety evaluation report to the Industry-Wide Labor-Management Safety Committee and the California Film Commission. The bill would require the committee and the California Film Commission. The bill would require the valuation of the pilot program. The bill would require the selected organization or firm to review and assess the final safety evaluation reports on or before June 30, 2029, and make a nonbinding set of recommendations to the Legislature, as prescribed. These pilot program provisions would be repealed as of January 1, 2031.

Position Watch Assigned Berman

<u>SB 740</u> (<u>Cortese</u> D) Hazardous materials management: stationary sources: skilled and trained workforce.

Current Text: Amended: 5/10/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/17/2023

Last Amend: 5/10/2023

Status: 7/13/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 6. Noes 0.) (July 12). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

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Synopsis: ...and Garcia) February 17, 2023 An act to add Section 25536.8 to the Health and Safety Code, relating to hazardous materials. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST SB 740, as amended, Cortese. Hazardous materials management: stationary sources: skilled and trained workforce. (1) Existing law establishes an accidental release prevention program for the state ...

Summary: Current law establishes an accidental release prevention program for the state. Under that law, stationary sources subject to the accidental release prevention program may be required to prepare and submit a risk management plan (RMP) to prevent accidental releases of certain substances. Current law requires an owner or operator of a stationary source that is engaged in certain petroleum-related activities, and with one or more covered processes that require the preparation and submission of an RMP, when contracting for the performance of construction, alteration, demolition, installation, repair, or maintenance work at the stationary source, to require that its contractors and any subcontractors use a skilled and trained workforce to perform all onsite work within an apprenticeable occupation in the building and construction trades. Current law defines "skilled and trained workforce" to include, among other criteria, skilled journeypersons who are paid at least a rate equivalent to the applicable prevailing hourly wage rate. This bill would extend that workforce requirement to contracts awarded, extended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2024, by an owner or operator of a stationary source that is engaged in manufacturing hydrogen, biofuels, or certain specified chemicals, or in capturing, sequestering, or using carbon dioxide in specified conditions.

PositionAssignedWatchMurcell

<u>SB 864</u> (<u>Smallwood-Cuevas</u> D) Workforce development: workplace rights curriculum.

Current Text: Amended: 7/3/2023 html pdf

Introduced: 2/17/2023

Last Amend: 7/3/2023

Status: 7/13/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 5. Noes 2.) (July 12). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

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Synopsis: ...the Unemployment Insurance Code, relating to workforce development. LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST SB 864, as amended, Smallwood-Cuevas. Workforce development: workplace rights curricula. curriculum. Existing law establishes the California Workforce Development Board as the body responsible for assisting the Governor inWorkforce Development Board to assist the Governor with partnering with the Labor Commissioner and other subject matter experts in developing workplace rights curricula curriculum to be provided to all individuals receiving individualized career services, supportive services, or training services through theCalifornia workforce system. system, as specified. The bill would require each local workforce development board to ensure the provision of workplace rights training consistent with that workplace rights curricula curriculum . The bill would require the comprehensive 4-year local plan to ...

Summary: The federal Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act requires local workforce development boards to be established in each local area of a state to assist the local chief elected official in planning, oversight, and evaluation of local workforce investment, and requires each local board to perform various duties consistent with the federal Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act. Current law requires each local board to develop and submit to the Governor a comprehensive 4-year local plan, in partnership with the appropriate chief local elected official, that includes specified elements. This bill would require the California Workforce Development Board to assist the Governor with partnering with the Labor Commissioner and other subject matter experts in developing workplace rights curriculum to be provided to all individuals receiving individualized career services, supportive services, or training services through the California workforce system, as specified. The bill would require each local workforce development board to ensure the provision of workplace rights training consistent with that workplace rights curriculum. The bill would require the comprehensive 4-year local plan to include a description of how the local board plans to comply with this requirement. By imposing additional duties on local workforce development boards, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

> Position Watch

Assigned Murcell

Total Measures: 44 Total Tracking Forms: 44